



Mathematics 4 Microlearning Module

QUARTER 3 – Module 6

Identifying the Multiples of a Given Number up to 100





REGION XII - DIVISION OF SULTAN KUDARAT

Mathematics 4 Microlearning Module (MLM) Quarter 3 – Module 6: Identifying the Multiples of a Given Number up to 100 First Edition, 2024

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MICROLEARNING MODULE

Name:		Grade & S	ec:	Score:
Subject <u>:</u>	Mathematics 4	Quarter:	3	MLM_No6
Teacher: _				
Competen	cy: Identify the multi	ples of a giver	n nui	mber up to 100

A. Look Back!

I. Write a check (/) on the blank before the number if the number given is divisible by the number in the parenthesis and $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$ if it is not divisible by that number.

__ 1. 95 (5) __ 2. 81 (3) __ 3. 66 (4) __ 4. 93 (10) __ 5. 18 (6)

II. Give the equivalent fraction of the following.

6. $\frac{3}{4} =$ _____ 7. $\frac{4}{8} =$ _____ 8. $\frac{2}{5} =$ _____ 9. $\frac{2}{5} =$ _____ 10. $\frac{1}{8} =$ _____

B. What's New?

Fill in the missing multiple of each given number.

1. 7
$$\rightarrow$$
 7, 14 ____, 28, 35,42,49,56,63,70
2. 9 \rightarrow 9, ____, 27, 36, 45, 54, 63, 72, 81, 90
3. 4 \rightarrow 4, 8,12,16, 20, 24, ____, 32, 36, 40
4. 2 \rightarrow 2, 4, 6, 8,10, ____, 14,16 18, 20, 22, 24, 26
5. 3 \rightarrow 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, ____, 21,24,27,30
6. 5 \rightarrow 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, ____, 40, 45, 50
7. 6 \rightarrow 6, 12, 18, 24, ____, 36, 42, 48, 54
8. 8 \rightarrow 8, 16, 24, 32, ____, 48, 56, 62, 70
9. 12 \rightarrow 12, 24, ____, 48, 70, 82, 94
10. 11 \rightarrow 11, 22, 33, 44, ____, 66, 77, 88, 99

Answer the following questions:

- 1. What will you do if you want to master the multiplication table?
- 2. Can you give some tips on how to memorize or master the multiplication table?
- 3. Do you think it is important to master all the operations in Mathematics, especially in solving word problems? Why?
- 4. How do you apply the mastery of multiplication tables in your daily lives?

C. What Is It?

How will you identify the multiples of a given number?

To identify the multiples of a given number, you need to master and memorize the multiples of that number up to 100. You need to practice skip-counting numbers.

The following is an example of how to get the multiple of a number.

• To get the multiples of 7, just add 7 to every preceding sum to get the multiples or do the **Continuous Addition**.

The multiples of any number are found by taking the product of any counting number and that given number. For example, to get the multiples of 2, multiply 2 by 1, 2 by 2, 2 by 3, and so on. To find the multiples of 4, multiply 4 by 1, 4 by 2, 4 by 3, and so on.

1	х	2
2	x	2
3	x	2
4	x	2
5	x	2
6	x	2
7	x	2
8	x	2
9	х	2

The product of 2 multiplied by the set of counting numbers are 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, and 18. These products are called **multiples**. The set of multiples of 2 has no end. More examples are given below for you to study:

Example 1. Find the multiples of 3

 $3 x 1 = 3 1^{st} multiple of 3$ $3 x 2 = 6 2^{nd} multiple of 3$ $3 x 3 = 9 3^{rd} multiple of 3$ and so on



36, 40, 44, 48

D. Let's try!

Directions: Write the first 5 multiples of the given number.



E. Let's Evaluate

Directions: Read and understand each question carefully. Encircle the letter of your correct answer.

What number is a multiple of 12?

 a. 12
 b. 21
 c. 34
 d. 38

 9, 18, 27, 36, and 45 are multiples of what number?

 a. 7
 b. 8
 c. 9
 d. 10

3. W	hat is the	sum of the	$1^{st} \mbox{ and } 4^{th}$	multiple of 20?
	a. 80	b. 90	c. 100	d. 120
4. T	he 3 rd mult	iple of 15 is	s	
	a. 15	b. 30	c. 45	d. 60
4. W	hat is the	sum of the	2^{nd} and 5^{th}	multiple of 10?
	a. 20	b. 40	c. 60	d. 70

Directions: Draw a square (\Box) on the space before each item if the number in the parenthesis is a multiple of the given number and a triangle (\bigtriangleup) if **not**.

1. 4 (30)	6. 9 (54)
2. 15 (60)	7. 12(42)
3. 11 (77)	8. 21(63)
4. 4 (34)	9. 4 (36)
5. 10 (78)	10. 12(72)

Challenge!!!

Directions: Write the multiples of the number in the fishbowl. Pick your answer from the numbers given in the box. (5 points for each bowl).



F. References

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Grade 4 Mathematics Q3_LC6

Answer Key

Look Back	Let's Evalua	ite
1. /	A-1. a	B-1. Δ
2. /	2. c	2. □
3. X	3. c	3. □
4. X	4. c	4. □
5. /	5. d	5. Δ
6-10. Answers vary		6. 🗆
What's New		7. Δ
1. 21		8. Δ
2.18		9. □
3. 28		10. 🗆
4. 12		
5. 18	Challenge	



- 7.30
- 8. 40
- 9.36
- 10.55

$\begin{array}{c} 9 & 18 \\ 27 & 36 \\ 45 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 14 & 28 \\ 42 & 56 \\ 70 \end{array}$

Let's Try

1. 6, 12, 18, 24,30
2. 7, 14, 21, 28, 34
3. 8, 16, 24, 32, 40
4. 9, 18, 27, 36, 45
5. 13, 26, 39, 52, 65
6. 21, 42, 63, 84, 105
7. 23, 46, 69, 92, 115
8. 30, 60, 90, 120, 150
9. 33, 66, 99, 132, 165
10. 35, 70, 105, 140, 175