







Mathematics 4

Microlearning Module
OUARTER 3 - Module 7

Finding all the Factors of a Given Number up to 100





REGION XII - DIVISION OF SULTAN KUDARAT

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Mathematics 4
Microlearning Module (MLM)

Quarter 3 – Module 7: Finding all the factors of a given number up to 100 First Edition, 2024

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Development Team

Writer : Marlou B. Faeldonia

Editor : Roger B. Famulag

Evaluator : Renante S. Gura

Illustrator : Marlou B. Faeldonia

Cover Art Designer: Jann Mark P. Oriel

Management Team: Crispin A. Soliven Jr., CESE – Schools Division Superintendent

Meilrose B. Peralta EdD – Asst. Schools Division Superintendent

Ismael M. Ambalgan - Chief, CID

Sheryl L. Osano – EPS, LRMS

Rodolfo B. Bermudo Jr. EdD – EPS, Mathematics

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Office Address: Kenram, Isulan, Sultan Kudarat

Telefax: 064-471-1007

E-mail Address: depedsk.r12@deped.gov.ph

MICROLEARNING MODULE

| Name: | Grade & Sec: Score: | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Subject: | Quarter: MLM No | |
| Teacher: | | |
| Competency: | Find the factors of all given numbers up to 100 | |

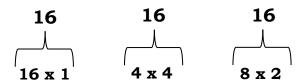
A. Look Back!

Using the illustration below, mark an (X) on each of the boxes that indicate the multiples of 9.

| 64 | 51 | 6 | 16 | 24 |
|-----|----|----|----|----|
| 40 | 45 | 48 | 80 | 4 |
| 101 | 56 | 90 | 15 | 96 |

B. What's New?

Try to analyze the process in finding the factors of 16.



Guide Question:

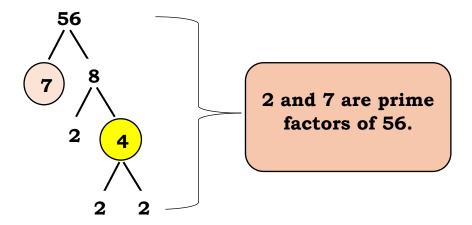
1. What are the factors of 16? Write your answer in the box provided.

C. What Is It?

A. Prime and Composite Numbers

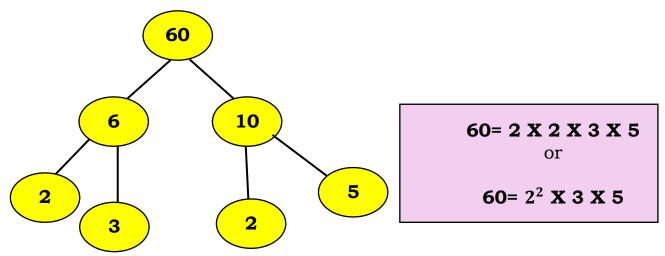
Composite numbers are numbers that have more than two factors including 1 and itself. For example, 6 is a composite number because it is divisible by 1, 2, 3, and even by 6. **Prime numbers** are numbers greater than 1 with exactly two factors including 1 and itself.

Let us study the illustration below.



One way to express the factors of a number, specifically the prime factorization of a number, is called a **factor tree**. To do this, list the factors of a number until the number has been reduced to its prime factors.

For example, here is the factor tree for the number 45.



B. GREATEST COMMON FACTOR

The **Greatest Common Factor (GCF)** is the largest common factor of two or more given numbers.

Example: Find the Greatest Common Factor of 18 and 27 using the illustration.

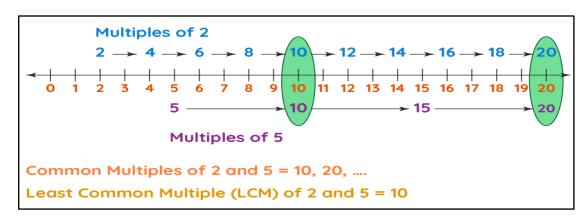
| Factors of 18: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 18 |
|----------------|---|---|---|----|---|----|
| Factors of 27: | 1 | 3 | 9 | 27 | | |

The common factors of 18 and 27 are 1,2, and 3. Thus, the GCF is 9.

C. LEAST COMMON MULTIPLE

Least Common Multiple (LCM) is the smallest common multiple of two or more given numbers.

Example: Find the Least Common Multiples of 2 and 5 using the number line illustration.



The multiples of 2 are 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, and so on. Multiples of 5 are 5, 10, 15, 20, and so on. Therefore, the LCM of 2 and 5 is 10.

D. Let's try!

Activity 1: Find the Least Common Multiple and Greatest Common Factor.

| | LCM | GCF |
|--------|-----|-----|
| 16, 10 | | |
| 14, 6 | | |
| 3, 27 | | |
| 6, 18 | | |
| 9, 45 | | |

E. Let's Evaluate

| | tions: Read each | statement ca | refully. Wr | ite the co | rrect answer in |
|--------|--|----------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| me sp | pace provided. | | | | |
| | 1. What is a. 8 | the GCF of 3 b. 6 | 36 and 60? c. | | d. 12 |
| | a. 0 | 5. 0 | C. | • | d. 12 |
| | 2. What is | the LCM of | 16, 64, and | d 128? | |
| | a. T | rue b. Fa | alse | | |
| numb | 3. There a has a length of 64 per of pieces. What can be cut into? | 1 cm. Mary w | ants to cu | t both rop | - |
| -opo c | a. 1 | 0 | b. 8 | c. 7 | d. 64 |
| | | the pair of n | | | |
| | a. 24, 60 | b. 12, 18 | c. | 6, 24 | d. 12, 36 |
| equal | length for his pro | | the length | | |
| Direct | tion: Find the GC | F and LCM o | f the follow | ring sets o | of numbers. |
| | | GCF | | LCM | |
| 6. | 5, 20 | | | | |
| 7. | 14, 16 | | | | _ |
| 8. | 21, 3 | | | | _ |
| 9. | 4, 6, 24 | | | | _ |
| 10. | 4, 8, 32 | | | | _ |

F. References:

Department of Education (DepEd). Mathematics Matatag Curriculum.

Manila: Department of Education, 2023.

"How to Factor a Number." wikiHow. Accessed October 15, 2024. https://www.wikihow.com/Factor-a-Number.

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Answer Key for Math 4, Quarter 3 LC. No. 7

A. Look Back!

| 64 | 51 | 6 | 16 | 24 |
|-----|----|----------|----|----|
| 40 | * | 48 | 80 | 4 |
| 101 | 56 | % | 15 | 96 |

B. What's New?

Guide Question

| 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 |
|---|---|---|---|----|
| | | | | |

C. Let's try!

Activity 1: Find the Least Common Multiple and Greatest Common Factor.

| | LCM | GCF |
|--------|-----|-----|
| 16, 10 | 80 | 2 |
| 14, 6 | 42 | 2 |
| 3, 27 | 27 | 3 |
| 6, 18 | 18 | 6 |
| 9, 45 | 45 | 9 |

F. Let's Evaluate

- 1. d
- 2. b
- 3. b
- 4. a and b
- 5. b

Direction: Find the GCF and LCM of the following sets of numbers.

| | | GCF | LCM |
|-----|----------|-----|-----|
| 6. | 5, 20 | 5 | 20 |
| 7. | 14, 16 | 2 | 112 |
| 8. | 21, 3 | 3 | 21 |
| 9. | 4, 6, 24 | 2 | 24 |
| 10. | 4, 8, 32 | 4 | 32 |